

Article

← FME Desktop
(/S/Topic/0TO4Q000000QL9uWAG/Fme-...

Making a GET Request with HTTPCaller

🕒 Aug 17, 2022 • Knowledge

Product Type

FME Desktop

FME Version

2022.0

Tutorial: [Getting Started with APIs \(https://community.safe.com/s/article/getting-started-with-apis-1\)](https://community.safe.com/s/article/getting-started-with-apis-1) | **Previous:** [HTTP Requests with the HTTPCaller \(https://community.safe.com/s/article/HTTP-Requests-With-The-HTTPCaller\)](https://community.safe.com/s/article/HTTP-Requests-With-The-HTTPCaller) | **Next:** [Authenticating and Extracting Information from API calls with the HTTPCaller \(https://community.safe.com/s/article/Authenticating-and-Extracting-Information-from-API-calls-with-the-HTTPCaller\)](https://community.safe.com/s/article/Authenticating-and-Extracting-Information-from-API-calls-with-the-HTTPCaller)

Introduction

The HTTPCaller transformer allows you to access a URL from within your FME Workbench workflow. HTTPCaller has built-in parameters to handle all of your API request needs, see the full list of options in the [transformer documentation \(https://www.safe.com/transformers/http-caller/\)](https://www.safe.com/transformers/http-caller/).

This example will demonstrate a basic HTTP GET request to the [Cat Facts API \(https://alexwohlbruck.github.io/cat-facts/\)](https://alexwohlbruck.github.io/cat-facts/). We will then parse the API's JSON response and send an email with its content. The end result is a workspace that uses an API to send a recipient of your choice a random fact about cats.

Step-by-Step Instructions

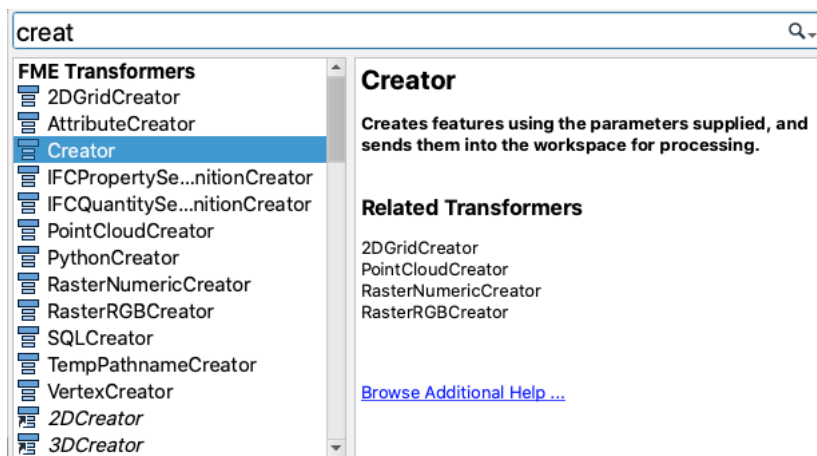
1. Create a Workspace

Open FME Workbench and start a New workspace to begin building your workflow on an empty canvas.

2. Start the Workflow

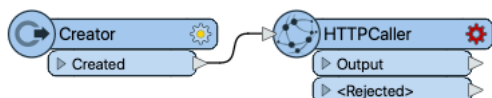
Because we will be getting our data from an API, we don't need to use a reader for incoming files or connections. The Creator transformer lets us start a workflow by creating new features that we can process later in the workspace. Add the Creator transformer by clicking anywhere on the canvas and typing "Creator".

Chat with Us

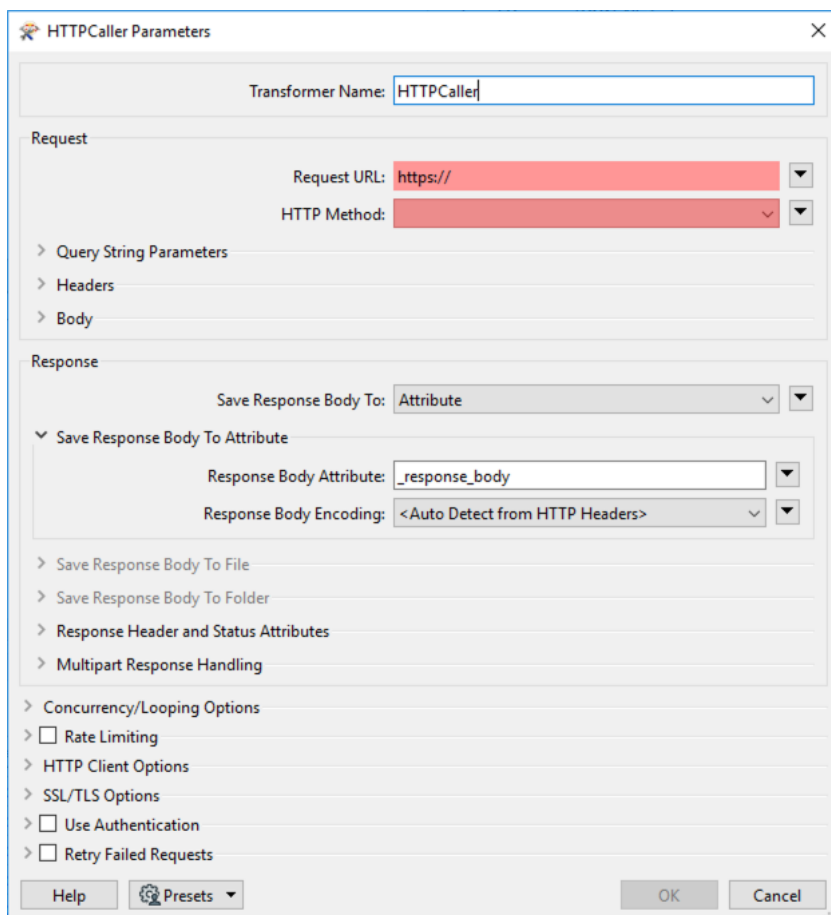


3. Add an HTTPCaller

Next, add an HTTPCaller to the canvas and connect the Creator to it.




Open the HTTPCaller and take a look around. Note that there are two required fields: Request URL and HTTP Method. We will need at least those two pieces of information to make a call. There are many other parameters we can optionally fill out. For now, select Cancel to leave the parameters empty.



4. Review the API Documentation

Before we can fill out the HTTPCaller parameters, we should consult the API's documentation. For this example, we will use [Cat Facts API](https://github.com/alexwohlbruck/cat-facts) (<https://github.com/alexwohlbruck/cat-facts>). Cat Facts is a simple API designed to do one thing: send facts about cats. Scroll down to its README.md (<http://README.md>) to learn more about its functionality.

README.md



Cat Facts

Using a combination of Node.js, Angular, and Tasker, this app will combine APIs and Services from the web to do just one thing... send cat facts.

Features

- Add and view your personal list of fact recipients
- Send a cat fact via text message every day
- Countdown clock until next fact is sent
- Catbot that auto-replies when recipients text back
- View the catversation between Catbot and your recipients
- Add your own cat facts, and upvote others. The highest upvoted fact gets send out that day!
- Quick copy-and-paste-able cat facts with the "Get Fact" button
- Add recipients by talking to the Catbot!
- Import all of your Google contacts at once
- Admin console panel for managing the app
- Twitter bot
- Developer API

Support Cat Facts

Cat Facts is ad free and available to use without cost. Help me keep it running by [donating here](#). :)

Getting Started

Official website

[Visit](#) the site and start messing with your friends!

API Documentation

[Start developing!](#)

[Docs homepage](#)

Tip: When choosing an API, always review the Terms and Conditions to ensure it fits your needs.

Select Start Developing! under API Documentation.

The Base URL is the main access point to the API, and the root of all your Request URLs:

<https://cat-fact.herokuapp.com> (<https://cat-fact.herokuapp.com>).

Endpoints allow you to access and exchange specific information made available by the API. Specify the endpoint by appending it to the end of the base URL. Cat Facts has two endpoints: /user and /facts. The two Models, Fact and User, refer to data objects accessible through the API.



API Documentation

Base URL for all endpoints <https://cat-fact.herokuapp.com>

The response time will likely be a few seconds long on the first request, because this app is running on a free Heroku dyno. Subsequent requests will behave as normal.

Endpoints

[/facts](#) Retrieve and query facts

[/users](#) * Get user data

* Requires authentication. As of now, this can only be achieved by logging in manually on the website.

Models

[Fact](#) An animal fact

[User](#) A user of the Cat Facts site

5. Start Building the API Call

Our goal is to retrieve a cat fact from the API and bring it into the workspace. With this in mind, we can start building our API Call. Return to the workspace and open up the HTTPCaller parameters.

In the Request URL, enter the base URL from the documentation with the endpoint we want to reach.

```
https://cat-fact.herokuapp.com/facts (https://cat-fact.herokuapp.com/facts).
```

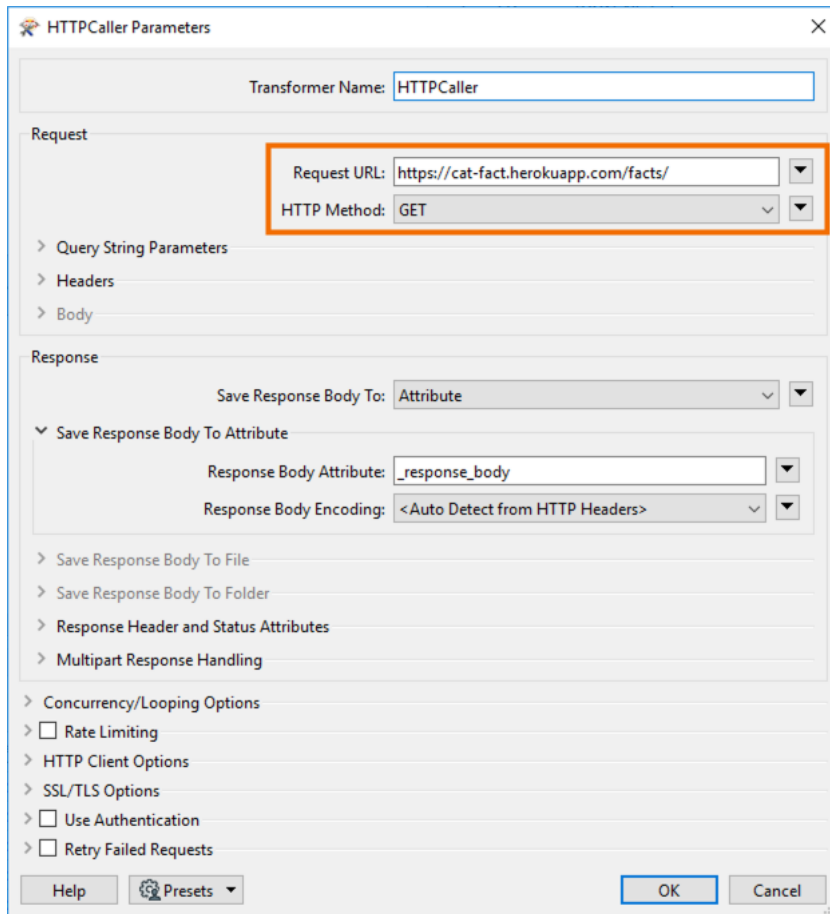
Tip: If you were to enter this URL in your browser, the JSON data model is returned. Nested inside key value pairs, you can preview some of the Cat Facts we're hoping to bring into our workflow. If you are new to working with JSON, see the [Getting Started with JSON \(https://community.safe.com/s/article/tutorial-getting-started-with-json\)](https://community.safe.com/s/article/tutorial-getting-started-with-json) tutorial to learn more about working with JSON in FME.

```
{{"status":
{"verified":true,"sentCount":1,"feedback":""},"type":"cat","deleted":false,"_id":"5887e1d85c873e0011036889","user":"
5a9ac18c7478810ea6c06381","text":"Cats make about 100 different sounds. Dogs make only about
10.","_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-09-03T16:39:39.578Z","createdAt":"2018-01-
15T21:20:00.003Z","used":true},{
{"verified":true,"sentCount":1,"type":"cat","deleted":false,"_id":"588e746706ac2b00110e59ff","user":"588e6e8806ac2b
00110e59c3","text":"Domestic cats spend about 70 percent of the day sleeping and 15 percent of the day
grooming.","_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-26T20:20:02.359Z","createdAt":"2018-01-
14T21:20:02.750Z","used":true},{
{"verified":true,"sentCount":1,"type":"cat","deleted":false,"_id":"58923f2fc3878c0011784c79","user":"5887e9f65c873e
001103688d","text":"I don't know anything about cats.","_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-
23T20:20:01.611Z","createdAt":"2018-02-25T21:20:03.060Z","used":false},{
{"verified":true,"sentCount":1,"type":"cat","deleted":false,"_id":"5894af975cdc7400113ef7f9","user":"5a9ac18c747881
0ea6c06381","text":"The technical term for a cat's hairball is a bezoar.","_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-
11-25T21:20:03.895Z","createdAt":"2018-02-27T21:20:02.854Z","used":true},{
{"verified":true,"sentCount":1,"type":"cat","deleted":false,"_id":"58e007cc0aac31001185ecf5","user":"58e007480aac31
001185ecf","text":"Cats are the most popular pet in the United States: There are 88 million pet cats and 74 million
dogs.","_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","createdAt":"2018-03-
01T21:20:02.713Z","used":false}]}
```

Since we just want to *retrieve* data from the API, we will use a GET request. Set the HTTP Method to GET. For other calls you might make, the HTTPCaller can handle many more [request types \(https://www.w3schools.com/tags/ref_httpmethods.asp\)](https://www.w3schools.com/tags/ref_httpmethods.asp).



You have the option to write the API response to an Attribute or File. For this example, we'd like to save the response body to an Attribute `_response_body` so that we can use it downstream.



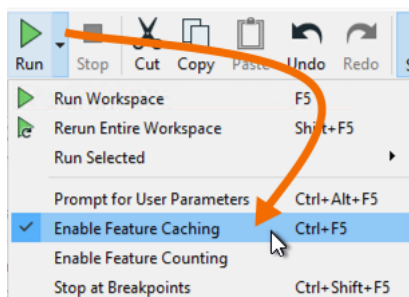
Though there are many other optional parameters available on the HTTPCaller, the Request URL and HTTP Method are all we need to modify for this request.

It is notable that the Cat Facts API does not require authentication for the `/users` endpoint. Thus, we do not need to select the Use Authentication parameter. But for many other APIs, there is typically some type of authentication for access.

Select OK.

6. Test the API Call

Turn on Feature Caching and select Run.



Examine the output by selecting the looking glass icon on the HTTPCaller transformer. A successful translation returns a 200 value to the `_http_status_code` attribute. This means that the request was received OK and the message has been fetched from the API server. There are many response codes you may receive (https://www.w3schools.com/tags/ref_httpmessages.asp), it is good practice to familiarize yourself with them.



Visual Preview

Table

HTTPCaller_Output

	_creation_instance	_response_body	_http_status_code
1	0	[{"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e00880aac31001185ed07","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"Wikipedia has a recording of a cat meowing, because why not?"},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-03-06T21:20:03.505Z","deleted":false,"used":false}, {"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e008630aac31001185ed01","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"When cats grimace, they are usually \"taste-scenting.\" They have an extra organ that, with some breathing control, allows the cats to taste-sense the air."},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-02-07T21:20:02.903Z","deleted":false,"used":false}, {"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e00a090aac31001185ed16","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"Cats make more than 100 different sounds whereas dogs make around 10."},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-02-11T21:20:03.745Z","deleted":false,"used":false}, {"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e009390aac31001185ed10","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"Most cats are lactose intolerant, and milk can cause painful stomach cramps and diarrhea. It's best to forego the milk and just give your cat the standard: clean, cool drinking water."},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-03-04T21:20:02.979Z","deleted":false,"used":false}, {"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e008780aac31001185ed05","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"Owning a cat can reduce the risk of stroke and heart attack by a third."},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-03-29T20:20:03.844Z","deleted":false,"used":false}]	200

1 row(s)

Note: If the workspace fails, the API may be down. Either retry in a couple of minutes or in the HTTPCaller replace the Request URL with:

[http://fme.ly/CatFact_\(http://fme.ly/CatFact\)](http://fme.ly/CatFact_(http://fme.ly/CatFact)).

7. Examine the API Response

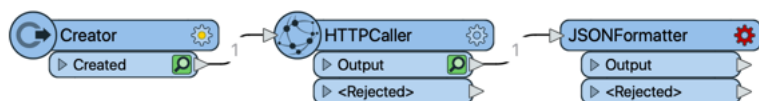
From the table, we can double-click the `_response_body` attribute to inspect what the API has returned.

Value at row = 1 and column = `_response_body`

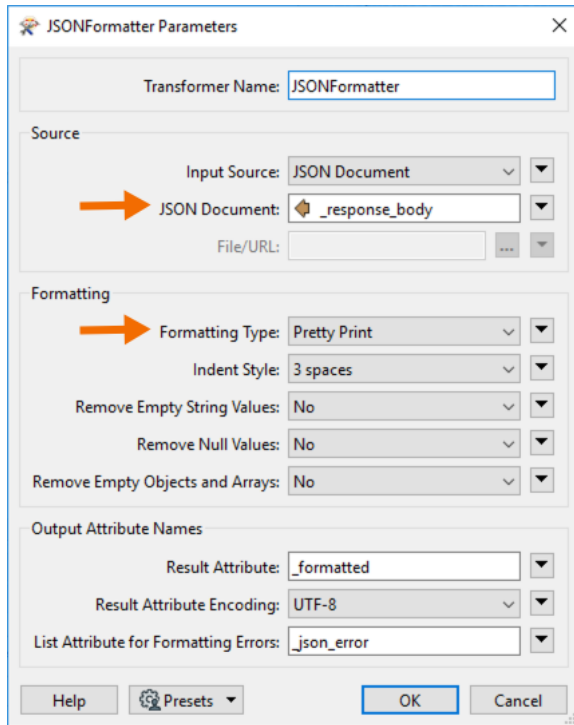
```
[{"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e00880aac31001185ed07","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"Wikipedia has a recording of a cat meowing, because why not?"},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-03-06T21:20:03.505Z","deleted":false,"used":false}, {"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e008630aac31001185ed01","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"When cats grimace, they are usually \"taste-scenting.\" They have an extra organ that, with some breathing control, allows the cats to taste-sense the air."},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-02-07T21:20:02.903Z","deleted":false,"used":false}, {"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e00a090aac31001185ed16","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"Cats make more than 100 different sounds whereas dogs make around 10."},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-02-11T21:20:03.745Z","deleted":false,"used":false}, {"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e009390aac31001185ed10","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"Most cats are lactose intolerant, and milk can cause painful stomach cramps and diarrhea. It's best to forego the milk and just give your cat the standard: clean, cool drinking water."},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-03-04T21:20:02.979Z","deleted":false,"used":false}, {"status":{"verified":true,"sentCount":1},"_id":"58e008780aac31001185ed05","user":"58e007480aac31001185ecef","text":"Owning a cat can reduce the risk of stroke and heart attack by a third."},"_v":0,"source":"user","updatedAt":"2020-08-23T20:20:01.611Z","type":"cat","createdAt":"2018-03-29T20:20:03.844Z","deleted":false,"used":false}]
```

Close

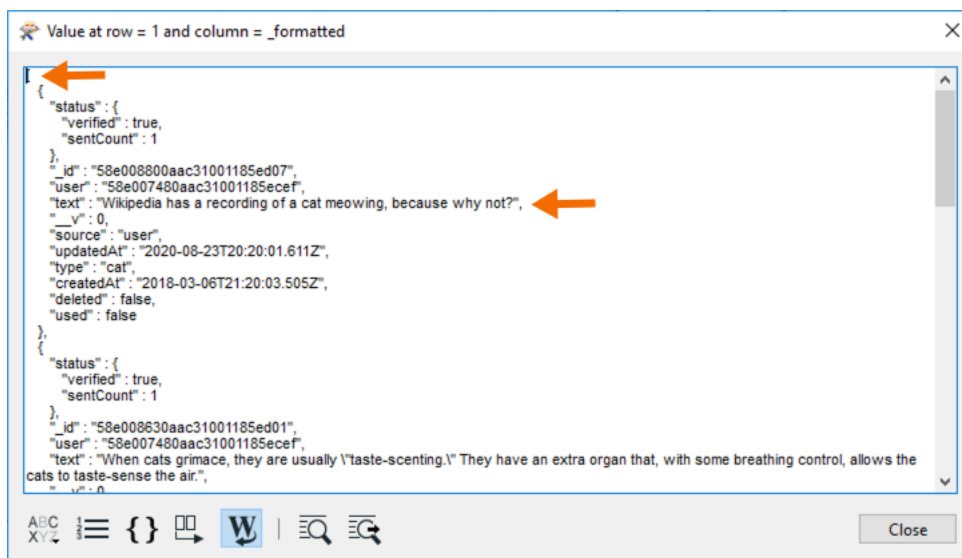
This isn't the easiest to read, but we can deduce that it is nested JSON key-value pairs. You can format the JSON to make it easier to read directly inside the workspace. Add a JSONFormatter to your canvas and connect it to the HTTPCaller.



Open up the JSONFormatter and set the JSON Document parameter to the Attribute Value, `_response_body`. Ensure the Formatting Type is set to Pretty Print. Run the workspace to the JSONFormatter.

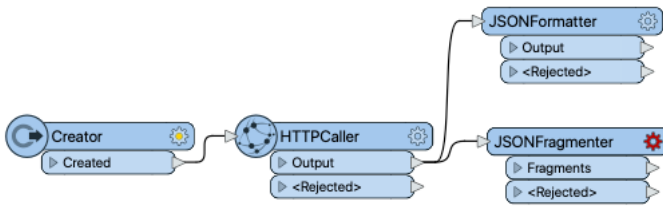


Examine the output and double click on the new attribute, `_formatted`. The key-value pairs are now much easier to read. With some understanding of JSON, we can now choose what data we would like to bring into our workflow. The facts about cats are string values for “text”, nested inside the entire array. We need to isolate those values to use them in our workflow.



8. Parse the JSON Body

A JSONFragmenter extracts JSON portions into new FME features. Add a JSONFragmenter transformer to the workspace and connect it to the HTTPCaller's output port.



Open it up to examine its parameters. The JSON Attribute is the JSON body we want to target, set it to the `_response_body` attribute. In the JSON Query, we specify what values we want to become new features. Previously, we found the cat facts were associated with the “text” key, which was part of the entire array. To isolate this value we come up with the following query:

```
json[*]["text"]
```

This finds the “text” values in all the objects in the entire array. If you’d like to learn more about building JSON queries, please refer to the [JSONFragmenter documentation](https://www.safe.com/transformers/json-fragmenter/). (<https://www.safe.com/transformers/json-fragmenter/>)

Enter the query in the JSON Query parameter. The rest of the parameters are useful for creating attributes from more complex JSON, but can be left default for our purposes.

9. Test the JSON Query

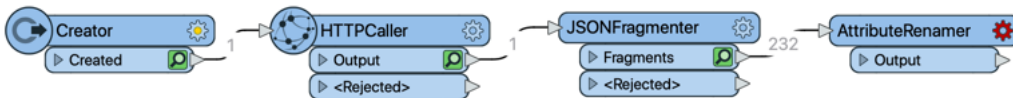
Ensure we’ve built the query correctly by running the workspace to the JSONFragmenter. Inspect the features from the Fragments port. Now, you should see a row for each fact, saved to the `_response_body` attribute.

	_creation_instance	_response_body	_http_status_code	json_type	json_index
1	0	Cats sleep 70% of their lives.	200	string	text
2	0	The goddess of love, beauty, and f...	200	string	text
3	0	The technical term for a cat's hairb...	200	string	text
4	0	People who own cats have on avera...	200	string	text
5	0	Cats and humans have nearly ident...	200	string	text
6	0	Original kitty litter was made out of...	200	string	text
7	0	A cat's cerebral cortex (the part of t...	200	string	text
8	0	In the 15th century, Pope Innocent ...	200	string	text
9	0	The special sensory organ called th...	200	string	text

Now that we have isolated the JSON we need, delete the JSONFormatter from the workspace.

10. Rename the API Response Attribute

To keep our workflow organized, it would be better to have a more descriptive attribute name than `_response_body`. Add and connect an `AttributeRenamer` transformer to the `JSONFrangmenter`'s `Fragments` port.



Inside `AttributeRename`, select the `_response_body` as the Input Attribute. Enter `Cat Fact` as the Output Attribute. No default value is required.

AttributeRenamer Parameters

Transformer Name:

Attributes To Rename

Input Attribute	Output Attribute
<code>_response_body</code>	<code>Cat Fact</code>

+

-

▲

▼

↔

✂

»

Filter

Import...

If Input Attribute Is Missing: Preserve Existing Output Attribute

Help

Presets

OK

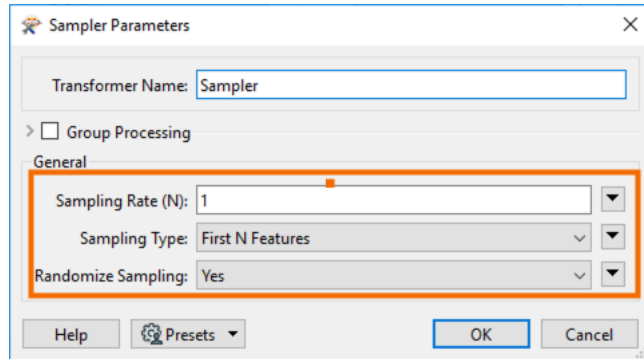
Cancel

If you run the workspace again, you'll find the facts are now listed under a `Cat Fact` attribute. Much better.

	Cat Fact	_creation_instance	_http_status_code	json_type	json_index
1	Cats sleep 70% of their lives.	0	200	string	text
2	The goddess of love, beauty, and fertili...	0	200	string	text
3	The technical term for a cat's hairball is ...	0	200	string	text
4	People who own cats have on average ...	0	200	string	text
5	Cats and humans have nearly identical ...	0	200	string	text
6	Original kitty litter was made out of san...	0	200	string	text
7	A cat's cerebral cortex (the part of the ...	0	200	string	text
8	In the 15th century, Pope Innocent VIII ...	0	200	string	text
9	The special sensory organ called the Ja...	0	200	string	text

11. Sample the Data

We want just one random fact to send to a recipient, not all of them. Add a Sampler and connect it to the AttributeRenamer. Open it up and change the Sample Rate (N) to 1. The Sampling Type will be First N Features. Lastly, set the Randomize Sampling parameter to Yes. Now we will get a random cat fact from the API response every time the workspace runs.



Transformer Name:

☐ Group Processing

General

Sampling Rate (N):

Sampling Type:

Randomize Sampling:

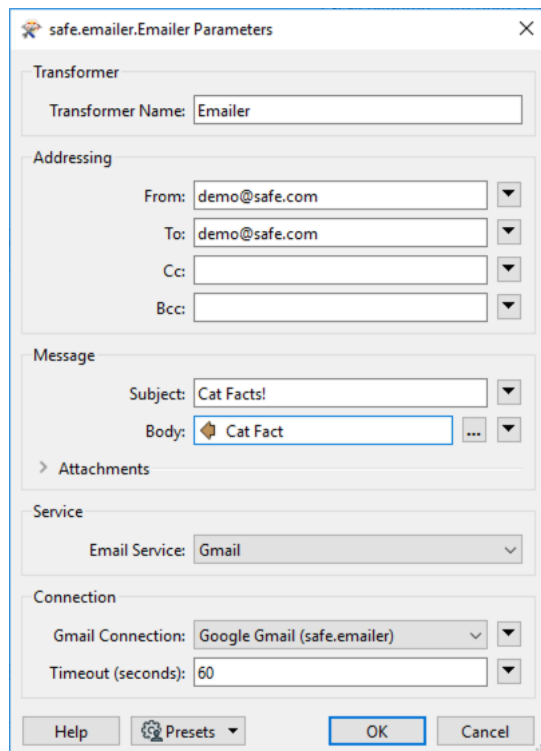
Help Presets OK Cancel

12. Configure the Emailer

Finally, we can use our workflow to send our random cat fact to the recipient of our choice. Add an Emailer and connect it to the Sampler's Sampled Port. This transformer requires an [Gmail Web Connection](http://docs.safe.com/fme/2020.0/html/FME_Desktop_Documentation/FME_Transformers/NamedConnections/Using_Web_Service_Connections.htm) (http://docs.safe.com/fme/2020.0/html/FME_Desktop_Documentation/FME_Transformers/NamedConnections/Using_Web_Service_Connections.htm) or SMTP configuration (http://docs.safe.com/fme/2020.0/html/FME_Desktop_Documentation/FME_Transformers/Transformers/emailer.htm) to work.

Add your Email to the From: parameter and a recipient in the To: parameter. I'll send one first to myself for testing. Add a Subject line, like "Cat Facts!", and select the Cat Fact attribute as the body. Use the Text Editor to customize your email body.

Choose your Service and set a configuration. In this case, I'll use my Gmail address and stored Gmail Web Connection.



Transformer Name:

Addressing

From:

To:

Cc:

Bcc:

Message

Subject:

Body:

Attachments

Service

Email Service:

Connection

Gmail Connection:

Timeout (seconds):

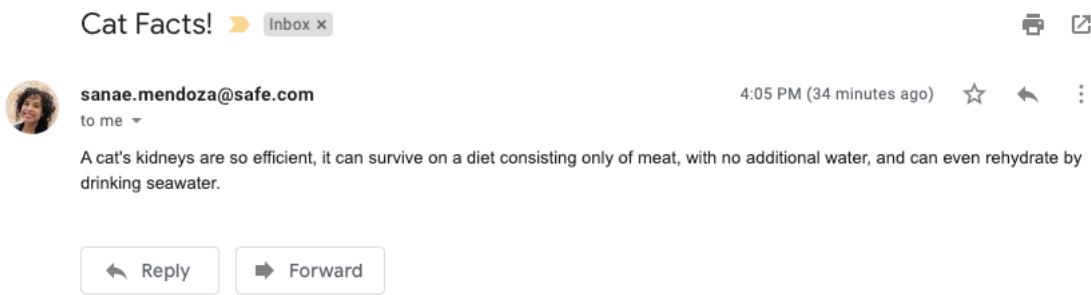
Help Presets OK Cancel

Select OK. Your final workspace should look like this:



13. Check your Email

Run the workspace. Check the inbox of the recipient email address. Inside, you should find a new email named “Cat Facts!” sent from your workspace.



Every time the workspace runs, the HTTPCaller will make a GET request to the Cat Facts API and receive the most recent data. To get the most out of this workspace, think about setting it up on an [FME Server](https://www.safe.com/fme/fme-server/) (<https://www.safe.com/fme/fme-server/>) [Schedule](https://docs.safe.com/fme/html/FME_Server_Documentation/WebUI/schedules.htm) (https://docs.safe.com/fme/html/FME_Server_Documentation/WebUI/schedules.htm) to make a daily API call and deliver a random fact to your (or your friend's) inbox.

More on HTTPCaller

This step-by-step guide showed you how to make a simple API call using HTTPCaller and interpret its response. The HTTPCaller has built-in parameters to handle even your most complex API calls from inside FME Workbench. [Try another tutorial](https://community.safe.com/s/article/how-to-access-an-api-using-the-httpcaller) (<https://community.safe.com/s/article/how-to-access-an-api-using-the-httpcaller>) to get more experience using this transformer in your workflows or learn more about APIs by reading the [Getting Started with APIs](https://community.safe.com/s/article/getting-started-with-apis-1) (<https://community.safe.com/s/article/getting-started-with-apis-1>) tutorial.

Data Attribution

The data used here originates from data made available by [Cat Facts API](https://alexwohlbruck.github.io/cat-facts/) (<https://alexwohlbruck.github.io/cat-facts/>). Cat Facts is ad-free and available to use without cost.

First Published Date

8/17/2020, 6:43 PM

Last Published Date

8/17/2022, 3:58 PM


Integration
(/s/topic/0TO4Q000000...)


Authoring
(/s/topic/0TO4Q000000...)

FME Desktop
(/s/topic/0TO4Q000000...)

Sort by:

Latest Posts ▼

 siennaatsafe (/s/profile/0050c00000CzqRuAAJ) (Employee) published a new version of this Knowledge.

 Chat with Us

 Like



 Like



Chat with Us

[Register / Log In \(/s/login/\)](#)



[\(https://www.safe.com/blog/\)](https://www.safe.com/blog/)

© Safe Software Inc | [Legal \(https://www.safe.com/legal/\)](https://www.safe.com/legal/)

Land Acknowledgement —

Safe Software respectfully acknowledges that we live, learn and work on the traditional and unceded territories of the Kwantlen, Katzie, and Semiahmoo First Nations.



Chat with Us